§ 412.102

- (9) Costs of kidneys acquired from other providers or kidney procurement organizations;
- (10) Hospital costs normally classified as outpatient costs applicable to kidney excisions (services include donor and donee tissue typing, workup, and related services furnished prior to admission);
- (11) Costs of services applicable to kidney excisions which are rendered by residents and interns not in approved teaching programs; and
- (12) All pre-admission physicians services, such as laboratory, electroencephalography, and surgeon fees for cadaver excisions, applicable to kidney excisions including the costs of physicians services.

[50 FR 12741, Mar. 29, 1985, as amended at 57 FR 39824, Sept. 1, 1992]

§412.102 Special treatment: Hospitals reclassified as rural.

Effective on or after October 1, 1983, a hospital reclassified as rural, as defined in §412.62(f), may receive an adjustment to its rural Federal payment amount for operating costs for two successive fiscal years.

- (a) First year adjustment. The hospital's rural average standardized amount and disproportionate share payments as described in §412.106 are adjusted on the basis of an additional amount that equals two-thirds of the difference between the urban standardized amount and disproportionate share payments applicable to the hospital before its reclassification and the rural standardized amount and disproportionate share payments otherwise applicable to the Federal fiscal year for which the adjustment is made.
- (b) Second year adjustment. If a hospital continues to be reclassified as rural, its rural average standardized amount and disproportionate share payments are adjusted on the basis of an additional amount that equals one-third of the difference between the urban standardized amount and disproportionate share payments applicable to the hospital before its reclassification and the rural standardized amounts and disproportionate share payments otherwise applicable to the

Federal fiscal year for which the adjustment is made.

[58 FR 46338, Sept. 1, 1993]

§412.104 Special treatment: Hospitals with high percentage of ESRD discharges.

- (a) Criteria for classification. Effective with cost reporting periods that begin on or after October 1, 1984, HCFA provides an additional payment to a hospital for inpatient dialysis provided to ESRD beneficiaries if the hospital has established that ESRD beneficiary discharges, excluding discharges classified into DRG No. 302 (Kidney Transplant), DRG No. 316 (Renal Failure) or DRG No. 317 (Admit for Renal Dialysis), constitute ten percent or more of its total Medicare discharges.
- (b) Additional payment. A hospital that meets the criteria of paragraph (a) of this section is paid an additional payment for each ESRD beneficiary discharge except those excluded under paragraph (a) of this section.
- (1) The payment is based on the estimated weekly cost of dialysis and the average length of stay of ESRD beneficiaries for the hospital.
- (2) The estimated weekly cost of dialysis is the average number of dialysis sessions furnished per week during the 12-month period that ended June 30, 1983 multiplied by the average cost of dialysis for the same period.
- (3) The average cost of dialysis includes only those costs determined to be directly related to the dialysis service. (These costs include salary, employee health and welfare, drugs, supplies, and laboratory services.)
- (4) The average cost of dialysis is reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the time the composite rate reimbursement for outpatient dialysis is reviewed.
- (5) The payment to a hospital equals the average length of stay of ESRD beneficiaries in the hospital, expressed as a ratio to one week, times the estimated weekly cost of dialysis multiplied by the number of ESRD beneficiary discharges except for those excluded under paragraph (a) of this section. This payment is made only on the Federal portion of the payment rate.

[50 FR 12741, Mar. 29, 1985, as amended at 57 FR 39824, Sept. 1, 1992]